

Panaji, 1st June, 1989 (Jyaistha 11, 1911)

SERIES I No. 9

OFFICIAL GAZETTE



GOVERNMENT OF GOA

GOVERNMENT OF GOA

Raj Bhavan

ORDER

1-52-88-Fin(Bud)

Whereas an excess over grants has been reported by the Comptroller and Auditor General of India in his Report for the year 1981-82 in respect of the then Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu;

And Whereas the Public Accounts Committee have examined and recommended the authorisation of the said excess over grants in their 41st Report.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-section (2) of Section 32 of the Goa, Daman and Diu Reorganisation Act, 1987 (Central Act 18 of 1987), I, Dr. Gopal Singh, Governor of Goa, hereby declare that the excess over grants for the year 1981-82 in respect of the then Union territory of Goa, Daman and Diu as shown in the Schedule hereto stand duly authorised.

SCHEDULE

No. of Demand	Services and purposes	Excess over Grants		
		Revenue	Capital	Total
1	2	3	4	5
		Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
7	Police and Fire Services	2,84,029	—	2,84,029
9	Stationery and Printing	7,19,801	—	7,19,801
12	Public Works, Housing and Urban Development	32,468	—	32,468
13	Roads and Bridges	—	8,019	8,019
15	Medical, Family Welfare, Public Health, Sanitation and Water Supply	45,619	—	45,619
18	Social Security and Welfare, Relief on Account of Natural Calamities and Food	—	2,00,058	2,00,058
23	Industries	1,22,923	—	1,22,923
	Total	12,04,840	2,08,077	14,12,917

Panaji, Goa,
18th May, 1989.

Dr. Gopal Singh
Governor

Social Welfare Department

Notification

6-6-87/SWD

Whereas the then Government of Goa, Daman and Diu had established the Children's Court under the Children Act, 1960 (Central Act 60 of 1960) in the then Union Territory of Goa, Daman and Diu.

And Whereas the said Children Act, 1960 has been repealed by the Juvenile Justice Act, 1986 (Central Act 53 of 1986) (hereinafter referred to as "the said Act").

And Whereas no Juvenile Court under sub-section (1) of section 5 of the said Act has yet been constituted.

Now, Therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 7 of the said Act, the Government of Goa hereby confers with effect from the date of issue of this Notification, all the powers of the Juvenile Court, as laid down in sub-section (1) of section 7 of the said Act, on the Presiding Officer of the then Children's Court for the purposes of the said Act.

By order and in the name of the Governor of Goa.

P. W. Rane Sardessai, Under Secretary to the Govt. of Goa (Social Welfare).

Panaji, 17th May, 1989.

Industries Department

Notification

3/3/82-ILD-III

Order No. GSR. 356(E) dated 18-3-1989 from Government of India, Ministry of Industry (Department of Industrial Development) New Delhi is hereby re-published for the general information of public.

L. J. Menezes Pais, Under Secretary (Industries).

Panaji, 15th May, 1989.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY

(Department of Industrial Development)

New Delhi, the 18th March, 1988

G. S. R. 356(E) — In exercise of powers conferred by section 3 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (10 of 1955), the Central Government hereby makes the following order, namely:—

1. *Short title and commencement.*— (1) This Order may be called the Electrical Appliances (Quality Control) Order, 1988.

(2) It shall come into force on the 1st day of July, 1988, for electrical appliances mentioned at Serial Nos. 1 to 4 in the Schedule attached to this Order and on the 1st day of September, 1988, for electrical appliances mentioned at Serial No. 5 to 7 in the said Schedule.

2. *Definitions.*— In this Order, unless the context otherwise requires:

(a) 'Appropriate Authority' means any officer not below the rank of Director in the Department of Industrial Development or Civil Supplies or Director Industries of the State Government or any other officer of equivalent rank appointed by the Central or the State Governments or the Bureau of Indian Standards to implement the provisions of this order;

(b) 'Bureau' means Bureau of Indian Standards;

(c) 'dealer' in relation to electrical appliances means a person who or a firm or a Hindu undivided family which, carries on, directly or otherwise, the business of buying, selling, supplying or distributing any such appliance, whether in cash or for deferred payment or for commission, remuneration or other valuable consideration;

(d) 'Electrical Appliances' means the electrical appliances specified in column (2) of the Schedule;

(e) 'Manufacturer' in relation to electrical appliance means a person who, or a firm or a Hindu undivided family which, produces, makes, assembles or manufactures any such appliances and includes a person who or a firm or Hindu undivided family which claims such appliances to be produced, made, assembled or manufactured by such person or firm or Hindu undivided family, as the case may be;

(f) 'Schedule' means the Schedule annexed to this order;

(g) 'specified standard', in relation to an electrical appliance mentioned in column (2) of the Schedule, means the standard as specified in the corresponding entry in column (3) of the said Schedule;

(h) 'Standard Mark' means the Bureau of Indian Standards Certification Mark specified by the Bureau to represent a particular Indian standard and also includes any Indian Standards Institution Certification Mark specified by the Indian Standards Institution;

(i) 'State Government' includes a Union Territory Administration.

3. *Prohibition regarding manufacture, sale etc. of electrical appliances specified in column (2) of the Schedule.*— (1) No person shall by himself or by any person on his behalf manufacture or store for sale, sell or distribute any Electrical Appliance which does not conform to the specified standard and it shall be with Standard Mark of the Bureau. Provided that nothing in this Order shall apply in relating to export of Electrical Appliances which do not conform to the specified standard but conform to any specification required by the foreign buyer and such specification shall not in any case be less than the specified standard.

(2) The sub-standard or defective electrical appliances or raw-material or components which do not conform to the specified standard shall be deformed beyond use and disposed of as scrap.

4. *Certification of manufacturers.*— (1) All manufacturers of electrical appliances shown in Column (2) of the Schedule shall make an application to the Bureau for obtaining licence for use of the standard mark, within 45 days of the issue of this Order.

(2) The grant of licence by the Bureau for use of the Standard Mark shall be as per provisions under the Bureau of Indian Standards Act, 1986, and the Rules and Regulations framed, thereunder.

(3) When any person himself or by any person on his behalf proposes to manufacture electrical appliances shown in column (2) of the Schedule, he shall make an application to the Bureau within 45 days of commencement of production and obtain licence before the coming into force of this Order.

(4) Consequent to the lapsing/cancellation of any licence or closure of application by the Bureau for one or more of the electrical appliances shown in column (2) of the Schedule, other Appropriate Authority shall also be informed.

5. *Prohibition of storage, sale and distribution.*— No person shall himself or by any person acting on his behalf store for sale, sell or distribute any electrical appliance shown in column (2) of the Schedule which does not bear the Standard Mark of the Bureau and manufactured by a person who has obtained a Certification Mark Licence for the purpose.

6. *Power to call for information etc.*— The Appropriate Authority may with a view to securing compliance with this Order:—

(a) require any person engaged in the manufacture, storage for sale, sale or distribution of any electrical appliance to give such information as it deems necessary in relation to the manufacture, storage, for sale, sale or distribution of any electrical appliance for the implementation of this order or require any such person to furnish to it samples of any electrical appliance or any component of any electrical appliance;

(b) inspect or cause to be inspected any books or other documents or any electrical appliance or the components of any electrical appliance kept

by or belonging to or in the possession or under the control of any person engaged in the manufacture, storage for sale, sale or distribution of any electrical appliance;

(c) cause an officer authorised under clause (9) to enter and search any premises and seize any electrical appliance in respect of which it has reasons to believe that a contravention of this order has been committed or the said electrical appliance is not of the specified standard.

(d) the provisions of section 100 of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1973 (2 of 1974) relating to search and seizure shall so far as may apply to searches and seizure under this clause.

7. *Testing of samples.*—Samples of any electrical appliances bearing the Standard Mark and drawn by the Appropriate Authority, for ascertaining whether it is of the specified standard, shall be tested in the laboratory approved by the Bureau and in the manner as determined by the Bureau.

8. *Delegation of Powers.*—The Appropriate Authority may by general or special order in writing authorise any officer specified in clause (a) of paragraph 2 to exercise on its behalf all or any of its functions under this Order: provided that no officer who is not of a Gazetted rank, and in the case of Bureau who is not of a rank equivalent to gazetted officer, shall be authorised by the Appropriate Authority to exercise the powers of search and seizure under clause (c) of paragraph 6.

9. *Power to issue direction to manufacturers and dealers.*—The appropriate Authority may issue such directions to manufacturers and dealers, consistent with the provisions of this Order, as may be necessary in carrying out the purposes of this order.

10. *Compliance of directions.*—Every person engaged in the manufacture, storage for sale, sale or distribution of any electrical appliance, to whom any direction is issued under this order, shall comply with such direction.

11. *Obligation to furnish information.*—No manufacturer or dealer shall with intent to evade the provisions of this order, refuse to give any information lawfully demanded from him under clause 6 or conceal, destroy, mutilate or deface any books or documents or any electrical appliance shown in column (2) of the Schedule kept by such person or in the possession or control of such person.

12. *Penalty.*—Any person who contravenes any of the provisions of this order or fails to carry out any direction or requisition made thereunder shall be punishable and the property in respect of which the order has been contravened, shall be

liable to forfeiture under Section 7 of the Essential Commodities Act, 1955 (10 of 1955).

13. *Appeal.*—(1) Any manufacturer or dealer aggrieved by any decision of the Appropriate Authority may prefer an appeal in writing to the Central Government within 30 days from the date of receipt by him of the copy of the order communicating such decision:

Provided that the Central Government may admit any appeal after the expiry of the period aforesaid if it is satisfied that the appellant was prevented sufficient cause from filing the appeal in time.

(2) On receipt of the appeal under sub-clause (1), the Central Government may, after giving the appellant an opportunity of being heard, pass such order as it may deem fit.

Sd/-
(P. Sinha)

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.
(F. No. 9/7/87-EL. Ind.)

Schedule of Electrical Appliances

Sr. No.	Electrical Appliances	Standard
1.	Electric Immersion Water Heaters	IS:368
2.	Electric Irons	IS:366
3.	Electric Stoves	IS:2994
4.	Electric Radiators	IS:369
5.	Switches for domestic and Similar purposes	IS:3854
6.	2 Amp switches for domestic and similar purposes	IS:4949
7.	3 Pin plugs and sockets outlets	IS:1293

Law (Legal and Legislative Affairs) Department

Notification

7-26-88/LA

The Maharashtra Co-operative Societies (Goa Amendment) Act, 1988 (Goa Act No. 9 of 1989) which has been passed by the Legislative Assembly of Goa on 28-7-1988 and assented to by the Governor of Goa on 14-5-1989 is hereby published for the general information of the public.

P. V. Kadnekar, Under Secretary (Drafting).

Panaji, 16th May, 1989.

The Maharashtra Co-operative Societies (Goa Amendment) Act, 1988

(Goa Act No. 9 of 1989)

AN

ACT

further to amend the provisions of the Maharashtra Co-operative Societies Act, 1960 as applied to the State of Goa.

Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of Goa in the Thirty-ninth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. Short title and commencement.— (1) This Act may be called the Maharashtra Co-operative Societies (Goa Amendment) Act, 1988.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

2. Amendment of section 6.— After sub-section (1) of section 6 of the Maharashtra Co-operative Societies Act, 1960 as applied to the State of Goa (hereinafter referred to as the "principal Act"), the following proviso shall be inserted, namely:—

"Provided that a Housing Co-operative Society consisting of at least four persons may be registered under this Act."

3. Amendment of section 8.— After clause (a) of sub-section (2) of section 8 of the principal Act, the following proviso shall be inserted, namely:—

"Provided that in the case of Housing Co-operative Society, the application for registration shall be signed by at least four such persons."

Secretariat Annexe,

Panaji,

Dated: 17th May, 1989.

B. S. SUBBANNA

Secretary to the Government
of Goa, Law Department
(Legal Affairs)

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